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EXTERNAL EXAMINATION:

The body is that of a young adult white male which appears to be of the stated age of 35. The weight is 175 pounds and the height is 70-1/2 inches. The body is cold. It has not been embalmed. Rigor mortis is already passed. The hair is brown and is quite long. The eyes are blue. The pupils are round and equal and measure .4 cm. in diameter. The sclerae are white and show no evidence of icterus. The mouth and nose are oozing blood. The ears are unremarkable. The face is well-shaved. The teeth are in good condition. The neck, chest and abdomen are normally shaped and symmetric. There is no evidence of old scars. Trauma will be described separately. The external genitalia show no gross unusual features. The upper and lower extremities are unremarkable except for the fresh evidence of trauma. The antecubital fossae show no evidence of venipunctures. The back shows no unusual features other than the fresh trauma.

SCALP WOUNDS:

The scalp shows 13 deep lacerations with irregular borders which seem to be caused with considerable force. The borders are not sharply cut but are quite irregular and traumatic. The general shape of the wounds seem to be semicircular. This semicircle goes from 1/2 inch to 1-1/2 inches in length and these lacerations are spread over the top of the head from just above the eyebrows to the beginning of the occipital area. The largest ones are on the very top of the head.

The face shows three very small abrasions of the skin on the bridge of the nose, one located between the eyebrows. These are small superficial abrasions and each measures only 1/4 inch in diameter. The skin at the left side of the left eye shows an extensive area of ecchymosis with a small abrasion of the skin. The top ecchymosis measures 1-1/2 inches in the largest dimension. The area at the left side of the left angle of the mouth shows an abrasion of the skin that measures 1-1/2 inches in length by 3/8 inch in width. This abrasion is also superficial. Underneath the left part of the chin there is another small abrasion that measures 3/8 inch. Behind the left ear there is another abrasion that measures 1/2 inch and 2 inches below it is another very similar abrasion. The right part of the neck shows a small scratch that measures 1 inch in length by 1/4 inch in width. Below this, I inch under the right clavicle, is another small abrasion that measures 1/2 inch by 3/8 inch. The left neck shows a 1/2 inch abrasion located at the end of the

3

STAB WOUNDS OF THE BACK:

The back of the body shows five stab wounds.

Stab wound #1 is located 14 inches from the top of the head and 2 inches to the right of the midline. This stab wound measures 1/2 inch and shows one sharp medial edge, one dull lateral edge. The depth of this stab wound is 3/4 inch.

Stab wound #2 is located 14-1/2 inches from the top of the head and at 3 inches to the right of the midline. The depth of this wound is 3/4 inch and it measures also 3/4 inch by size. It shows two different edges. Sharp edge points toward the center line of the body and dull edge points outward. The deepest penetration of this wound goes into the posterior aspect of the right lung.

Stab wound #3 is located on the back 18 inches from the top of the head and 1 inch to the left side of the midline of the back. This wound measures 3-1/2 inches in depth and it measures 3/4 inch in length and shows one sharp upper edge and one dull lower edge. The deepest portion of this wound penetrates one inch into the posterior portion of the left lung.

Stab wound #4 is located 15 inches from the top of the head and 5-1/2 inches to the right of the midline. This wound measures 3-1/2 inches in depth and measures 1 inch in length. It shows two different edges, one sharp lower edge and a dull upper edge, the deepest penetration of this wound goes into the posterior aspect of the right lung.

Stab wound #5 is located on the right upper buttock, 32 inches from the top of the head and 5 inches to the right of the midline. This wound measures 3-1/2 inches in depth and it measures 3/4 inch in length. It shows also two different edges, one sharp lower edge and one dull upper edge. This wound penetrates as deep as the left kidney.

ANTERIOR TRUNK WOUNDS:

Eleven stab wounds are present on the anterior trunk.

Stab wound #1 is located 14-1/2 inches from the top of the head and 3 inches to left of midline. The wound measures 1 inch in length and shows two different edges, one sharp medial edge and one dull edge laterally. This wound measures 3-1/2 inches in depth and is pointing upward. The deepest penetration of this wound goes as deep as the left lung.

Stab wound #2 is located 15-1/2 inches from the top of the head and 6 inches to the left of midline. The wound measures 1 inch in length and shows one sharp medial edge and one dull lateral edge. The wound measures 3 inches in depth and the direction is anterior to posterior with an upward angle. The deepest penetration of this wound goes as deep as the left lung.

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Stab wound #3 is located 17 inches from the top of the head and 5-1/2 inches to the left of midline. This is an irregular compound wound that measures 1-1/4 inches in length and it shows two different tracts, with two sharp medial edges and one dull lateral edge. The maximum penetration is 3 inches and the direction is from anterior to posterior with a minimal upward angle. The deepest penetration of this wound goes to knick the parietal pericardium, but it does not penetrate into the heart.

Stab wound #4 is located 19-1/2 inches from the top of the head and 7 inches to the left of midline. This wound measures 1 inch in length and is 3 inches in depth with a sharp medial? border pointing inward and a dull lateral border. The direction of this wound is anteroposterior with a minimal upward angle and it penetrates into the left lung.

Stab wound #5 is located 18 inches from the top of the head and 10 inches to the left of midline. It is in the mid axillary line. This wound measures 1 inch and it shows two edges, a sharp edge and a dull edge pointing inward. The depth of this wound is 3 inches and the direction is from left to right with an upward angle. The deepest penetration of this wound goes into the left lung.

Stab wound #6 is located 23 inches from the top of the head and 7 inches to the left side of midline. The length of this wound is 1 inch. It shows one sharp upper edge and a dull lower edge. The maximum penetration of this wound is 3 inches and the direction is from left to right and from anterior to posterior. In the deep planes of the body this wound penetrates into the diaphragm.

Stab wound #7 is located 23-1/2 inches from the top of the head and 10 inches to the left of midline, in the midaxillary line. This wound measures 1-1/4 inch and is horizontal. The sharp edge is anterior and the dull edge is posterior. The penetration of this wound goes as deep as to penetrate into the upper pole of the spleen.

Stab wound #8 is located 25 inches from the top of the head and 8 inches to the left of midline. Itimeasures 1/2 inch in length and 1/2 inch in depth. The sharp edge is anterior and the dull edge is posterior.

Stab wound #9 is located 34 inches from the top of the head and 10 inches from the anterior midline of the body. This wound is located in the anterior axillary line and is vertical. The sharp edge is downward and the dull edge is upward. The penetration of this wound is 2 inches.

Stab wound #10 is somewhat round in shape. This wound is located 29 inches from the top of the head and 5 inches to the left of midline. This is at the level of the umbilicus. This wound measures 1/4 inch in diameter and shows an irregular superficial abrasion measuring 3/8 inch around it.

5

Stab wound #11 is located on the right upper chest 14 inches from the top of the head and 3 inches to the right of midline. This stab wound is very superficial. It does not go beyond the dermis.

STAB WOUNDS OF THE LEFT ARM:

The left arm shows 16 stab wounds.

Stab wound #1, left arm, is located 15 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #2, left arm, is located 16 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #3, left arm, is located 16 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #4, left arm, is located 20 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #5, left arm, is located 21 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #6, left arm, is located 22 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #7, left arm, is located 21 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #8, left arm, is located 23 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #9, left arm, is located 24 inches from the top of the head.

All of these are in the upper portion of the left arm.

Stab wound #10 is located in the forearm 26 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #11 is located 28 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #12 is located 29 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #13 is located 30 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #14 is located 29-1/2 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #15 is on the left elbow 25 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #16 is located in the back of the forearm 28-1/2 inches from the top of the head. All of these stab wounds are similar to each other. The size is 1 inch. The depth is 1 inch. These are perpendicular to the skin and all of them show one sharp outer edge and one dull inner edge. None of these wounds are fatal.

6

The left hand shows three small superficial stab wounds, located at the base of the small finger and at the base of the thumb.

STAB WOUNDS OF THE LEFT LEG:

The left leg shows 8 stab wounds.

Stab wound #1, left leg, is located 32 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #2, left leg, is located 36 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #3, left leg, is located 37 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #4, left leg, is located 39 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #5, left leg, is located 39 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #6, left leg, is located 41 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #7, left leg, is located 42 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #8, left leg, is located 43 inches from the top of the head.

These stab wounds are similar. Each measures 3/4 inch in length and about 1 inch to 1-1/2 inches in depth. They are perpendicular to the skin surface. None are fatal.

STAB WOUNDS OF THE RIGHT ARM:

The right arm shows three (3) stab wounds.

Stab wound #1, right arm, is located in the ventral portion of the biceps area 20 inches from the top of the head.

Stab wound #2, right arm, is located 1 inch from the shoulder.

Stab wound #3, right arm, is located at the center of the antecubital area. Each measures 1 inch and is about 1/2 inch in depth.

STAB WOUNDS OF THE RIGHT HAND:

The right hand shows five (5) defensive type of stab wounds, all located on the palmar surface of the hand.

7

Stab wounds #1 and #2, right hand, are located at the base of the small finger.

Stab wounds #3 and #4, right hand, are located on the ring finger.

Stab wound #5, right hand, is located on the middle finger.

All of these wounds are tangential to the surface of the skin and the one on the ring finger reaches as deep as the bone. The other ones aressuperficial.

GUNSHOT WOUNDS OF BACK:

The entrance wound is located in the left posterior axillary line 15 inches from the top of the head and 8-1/2 inches to the left of midline. The wound measures 1/4 inch in diameter and shows an abrasion ring that measures 3/8 inch in diameter. The skin shows no evidence of powder marks. The direction of the wound is from left to right in a horizontal plane in a transversal direction. The bullet is a small lead bullet which has good striations in the back, however, the nose is somewhat deformed. It is found impacted against the 5th dorsal vertebra in the posterior process. This is not considered to be a fatal wound.

INITIAL INCISION:

The body is opened by a Y-shaped incision. The subcutaneous tissues and muscles are normally developed. The peritoneal cavity contains a very small amount of blood. The left pleural cavity contains about 1000 cc. of blood. The right pleural cavity contains about 500 cc. of blood.

HEART:

The pericardium shows a minimal amount of hemorrhage. The anterior parietal pericardial wall shows an indentation produced by Stab wound #3. However, the heart shows no penetration by the stab wound. The heart weighs 340 grams. The coronary arteries are patent and show no evidence of arteriosclerosis. The cardiac chambers are normally developed and the valves are smooth and pliable and the valvular rings are not calcified. The foramen evale and ductus arteriosus are closed. The aorta and main vessels are patent and show minimal evidence of arteriosclerosis and they show normal distribution.

LUNGS:

The bronchial tree contains foamy secretion with some blood. The vascular tree is unremarkable. The left lung shows four stab wounds in the anterior aspect. They correspond to stab wounds #1, #2, #4 and #5. The largest one goes as deep as 3-1/2 inches from the skin to the deepest point in the lung.

8

The posterior aspect of the left lung shows one stab wound which goes about 1 inch into the lung and corresponds to stab wound #3 from the back. The right lung shows two stab wounds on the back which correspond to stab wounds #2 and #4 from the back and no stab wounds on the front.

The diaphragm is unremarkable except for one stab wound on the anterior left which corresponds to Stab wound #6 and one stab wound in the left flank which corresponds with Stab wound #7. Both of these stab wounds penetrate the diaphragm and #6 goes into the fatty tissues. Number 7 knicks the upper pole of the spleen.

LIVER:

The liver weighs 1600 grams. The capsule is thin and transparent. The parenchyma is red-brown and shows no gross unusual features. The color is unremarkable. The cut sections demonstrate no unusual evidence of lobularity or fibrosis. There is no evidence of fatty change either. The bile ducts are patent. The gall-bladder contains about 5 cc. of poorly concentrated bile. There are no stones. The common duct is patent.

SPLEEN:

The spleen weighs 120 grams and shows a small stab wound on the upper pole and the parenchyma shows no gross unusual features.

PANCREAS AND ADRENALS:

The pancreas and the adrenals are unremarkable.

KIDNEYS:

Each kidney weighs 150 grams. The left kidney shows a perforation on the posterior side. This perforation corresponds to Stab wound #5 from the back. Otherwise, the kidneys show no gross unusual features. The capsules strip easily and show smooth surfaces. The cut sections show normal cortex and medulla. The pyramids, calyces, pelves are unremarkable. The ureters are patent. The urinary bladder contains about 100 cc. of normal clear urine. The prostate is unremarkable and shows no evidence of nodularity or fibrosis. The testes are unremarkable.

NECK ORGANS:

The pharynx, larynx, thyroid, thymus and trachea are grossly unremarkable.

9

GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT:

The esophagus is patent and normal. The stomach contains about 300 cc. of semidigested material. Food particles have already passed into the duodenum. The small bowel contains also a small amount of food in the proximal and in the distal portion. The large bowel contains a moderate amount of fecal material and is unremarkable.

SKELETAL SYSTEM:

The bones and bone marrow are unremarkable. The lymph nodes of the peritoneum as well as those of mediastinum and neck are unremarkable.

HEAD:

The surface of the scalp has already been described. The undersurface of the scalp shows extensive ecchymosis which grossly corresponds to the evidence of external trauma. The skull shows no evidence of fracture. The meninges are somewhat congested, however, there is no evidence of hemorrhage. The brain weighs 1210 grams. The hemispheres are symmetrical. The convolutions are well marked. Coronal sections show no evidence of hemorrhage, tumor or any abnormality. The cerebellum, pons and medulla oblongata are unremarkable.

The pituitary and nasal sinuses areuunremarkable.

TOXICOLOGY:

Organs and tissue fluid are saved for alcohol, barbiturates, amphetamines and other tests. Sections of specimen tissues are saved.

SASTON HERRERA, M.D. DEPUTY MEDICAL EXAMINER

SUPERVISED AND DIRECTED BY

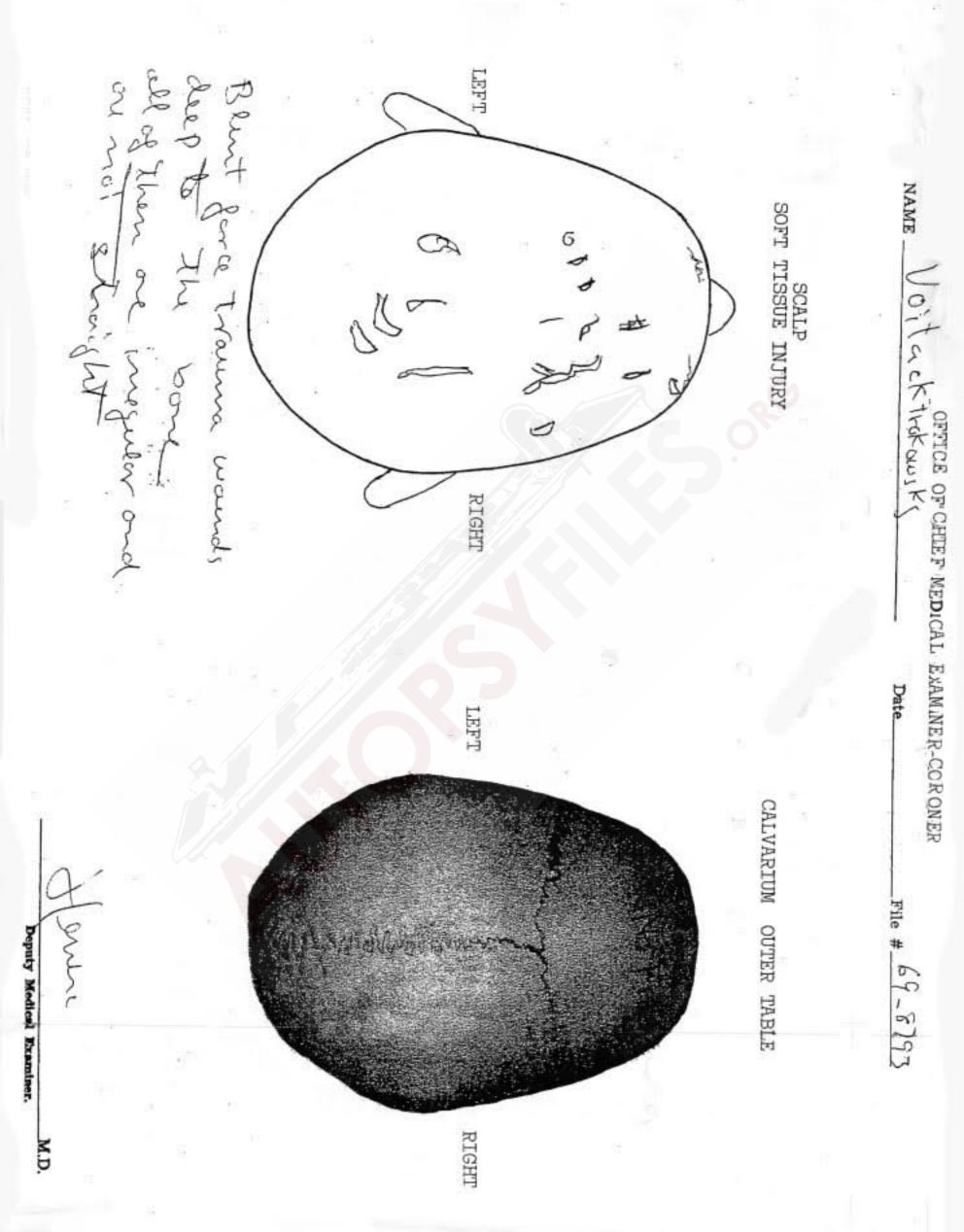
Thomas T. Nortchi, M.D. Chief Medical Examiner-Coroner

GH: CS

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	COUNTY OF	F LOS ANGELES	CASE REPO
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		COUNTY O	F LOS ANGEL	.ES	MEDICAL REPOR
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COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER-CORONER File \$ 7-8793

Denuty Medical Examiner.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER-CORONER File # 69-87 93 Sw Entronce 15 from top of The head. 5 stal wounds, back 11 Stas wounds lest 9 to lift of the midling of back (anterior choit ole 2/8 in diameter 16 stas wounds lefton No pouder wheks 8 stas wound, left leg . Tre that mitsen 13 Start Jake Trauna rosuersal dhection assussins, head Horizontal plane 5 defense wounds, ribbet coe 27 lead at hand. one gsw, back. guist post proussed I's Dorsal Ventelena Soundal 12 30pm Clots. Hips Tope. slue shirt & leather list with numerous stab varials. Low payama type of kippy forts ishows or pupple socks

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

OFFICE OF CHIEF MEDICAL EXAMINER-CORONER NAME VOITYCK Frokawsky File # 69-8793 Entronce 28! from Top 5! left of mid ling Hole 2/81 Abrasia 3/81 Skull no Fr Defense won ds

Aside from 13 lacerations already described in head area, there are a number of abrasions -- loss of superficial skin caused by friction. These marks are found in lower forehead, left eyelid, and cheek bone area on the left side, the bridge of the nose, and some were found on the right and left side of the lower cheek or jaw area. Lacerations varied from 1/2 to 1/2

Any postmortem wounds? A number of stab wounds that appear to sh yellowish, pinkish fatty tissue, and I believe wounds may have been caused during dying process, where, if it is postmortem, could be shortly, very shortly, after the heart stopped.

(P.8833)

Right Hand shows 5 clearly identifiable cuts, consistent with a defense type action, and we have so documented.

Defense (5) (these on right palm of right hand)

Left Arm 16 stab wounds Stab wounds on left arm measured 1 inch throughout Some measure 3/4 inch. 3 stab wounds on left hand.

#1 16 Front portion of left upper arm near shoulder, down to stab wound #16 found on left wrist.

#1, 2 & 3 Upper arm

#4, 5, 6 and 7 - shown on the diagram of the front also #8

#9 At the elbow (more or less near the elbow) #10 through #16 - found in back of the left arm. #10, 11, 12 and 13 - found on inside of left wrist

#14, 15, 16 - "then back to 14, 15 and 16.

RECESS until 2:00 p.m.

Continuing: "I believe in the morning session I covered the anterior trunk, chest and back".

Anterior means front? Front, yes, and back, and right arm including right hand, and left arm including left hand.

8 Stab wounds in the left leg, labeled #1 through #8

#1 On left leg, found in upper mid-thigh in front area.

#2 Left leg, found more back of the left thigh in upper portion

#3 Found slightly below stab wound #2, on back of left thigh.

#4 Left leg, in front of the lower thigh.

#5 Found slightly below the location of stab wound #4, and still slightly above the kneecap.

#6 Found in front portion of lower left thigh.

#7 Found in back of left leg, more or less close to the left calf

#8 Found in mid-tibial area, that is, by this diagram - located here.

GUNSHOT WOUND T & T - front portion of left thigh, which was recognized on further examination. Entrance about 1/4 inch in diameter, showing no powder or unburned powder in the tissues; superficial gunshot wound; direction from left to right. Superficial; No bullet recovered.

Right leg: shows no demonstrable injury. No stab wounds or gunshot wounds.

- Located in vicinity of multiple stab wounds located on left side of chest. Measures 1 inch in length, 3 inches in depth; direction slightly upward, front to back.
- #5 Located more or less in the lateral aspect, the outer side of the left side of the chest, penetratin into chest cavity piercing left lung; fatal
- Located in lower portion of chest, almost at junction of abdominal wall, piercing into abdominal cavity; measures about 1 inch in length. (found on left lateral aspect of ches
- Wound tract penetrated in left to right direction and penetrated into the spleen; measures one 1/4 inches skin length.
- Below No. 7 measured only 1/2 inch in length and 1/2 inch in depth. Not a fatal stab wound.
- #9 Is found more lateral to the left chest:
- #10 Found in the left mid-abdomen penetrating superficially into the abdominal wall. Measures 1/4 inch in length; superficial
- #11 Last stab wound in front portion of chest; rather superficial found on upper chest on right side. Not fatal.

Continuing to front portion of trunk, the anterior trunk. I will explain some stab wounds on the back in relation to it.

There were five stab wounds on the back, labeled 1 through 5.

- #1 Right side of upper portion of chest, penetrating about 3/4 of an inch into deeper tissue. Measures 1/2 inch skin length.
- #2 Located in vicinity of #1, but is slightly below the location of #1; measures 3/4 inch in skin length, penetrating into right lung. Fatal.
- Found on left side of mid-back. Measures 1 inch in length, penetrating deep into left chest cavity, piercing left lung. I would consider fatal.
- #4 Found slightly to right of #2 on right side of upper back, penetrizing deep into tissue. Surface measures 3/4 inch in length.
- #5 In right lower back just at upper portion of right buttock.
 Measures 3/4 inch in length and 3/4 inch in depth.

Continuing to Right Arm (shows 3 stab wounds) and Right Hand (shows 5 stab wounds)

- #1 Found on inside of right arm (upper) not fatal.
- #2 On back of right arm, found in right shoulder area
- #3 On back of right arm, found on back of right forearm in the mid portion.

GSW In your opinion were gunshot wounds fatal?

Fatal The gunshot wound in the back, more or less the left axilla, that would be a fatal wound by itself, a fatal GSW.

2nd GSW found on front of left mid-thigh, T & T, penetrating superficial tissues showing entrance and exit wounds on surface of skin.

2 bullets recovered by your office? Yes. The bullet that entered from the back was found in the mid-portion of the body and recovered by Dr. Herrera & placed in envelope, which I also checked, before he turned it over to a representative of LAPD. You were present when bullet was recovered by Dr. Herrera? Yes.

Identification of bullet. Turned over to Sgt. Lee of LAPD in my presence.

2nd GSW Recovered? No - it was a T & T GSW. No bullet found in body

Any defense wounds on the body? Yes. In the right hand and also the left forearm - at least 7 or 8, indicating that first of all, at the time the decedent faced the assailant he knew (was conscious), and "he got himself further damage received a number of cuts and stab wounds in both hands". Indicating a strong struggle? Based on the number of stab wounds and the severity of the stab wounds, I would say yes.

Identifying wounds on diagrams:

Location, penetration, and whether or not fatal; direction of the thrust and the path of the 2 bullets.

Front portion of the body, trunk: #1 through 11

In the back, stab wounds #1 to 5.

Right arm, #1 to 3.

Left arm stab wounds #1 through 16.

In the right hand, 1 through 5

In the left hand, 1 through 3

Left leg, 1 through 8.

#1 Center portion of upper chest; measured l inch skin length penetrated deep into chest cavity, penetrated left lung, causing massive hemorrhage.

#2 Left side of the chest, l inch in skin length, penetrating fatal deep into the chest, piercing the left lung.

Fatal Left side of chest, in vicinity of #1 and #2 - located slightly above left nipple; measures 1-1/4 in skin length penetrated slightly upwards and penetrated into the left chest cavity.

69-8793

VOITYCK FROKOWSKI

Describeration Double	857.6	Casa	1 1	LACERATIONS	NOT LOCUMENT
Nead					
Back	5	11	***************************************		
Arm - right	3				and the second second second second second second
Arm - left	16				
Hand - right	5				
Hand - left	3				
Leg - right					
Leg - left	8		- 15		
Anterior Trunk	11				1
TOTAL DOCUMENTED	51	1	//A	13	

SUMMARY OF WOUNDS:

- 51 stab wounds
- 13 lacerations
 - 2 gunshot wounds (one documented; see * below)

CATAL FOOMER:

MOUNDS MOT DOCUMENTED: *

Additional gunshot wound not described in autopsy report is a through and through gunshot wound in left leg, direction from left to right, slightly back to front.

NOTE: Stab Wound #2 entered on sketch - not photographed -- described in Autopsy Report as " l inch from shoulder" (cannot be seen in photographs (Right Arm)

Voityck Foykowski

Autopsy 8-10-69 about 12:00 p.m. Supervised and directed Performed by Gaston Herrera, M.D.

P. 8802

Cause of death: multiple stab wounds causing massive hemorrhage

Identification of photos taken under your direction August 10, 1969.

How many stab wounds? A total of 51 stab wounds.

All penetration wounds? Yes.

How many of these were posterior. to the back of torso and back of his legs?

I would like to refer to diagram. At this moment, I am aware of 5.

How many of 51 were fatal? At least 7.

In addition to 51 stab wounds, any other wounds?

In area of head -- irregular, large, widely-spread lacerations, tears, on the scalp, mainly on the top of the head. A total of 13 such lacerations; depth actually the thickness of the entire scalp -- that would be about 1/4 of an inch in thickness. (thickness is the depth).

Any one of these 13 lacerations fatal? I doubt it very much. However, collectively, it would cause death.

Any opinion as to type of instrument used? Yes. In my opinion, based on the appearance of the widely-spread, irregular, in some areas somewhat curved wounds, I think that the weapon involved would be heavy, but it has to be a blunt instrument. A heavy blunt instrument; the surgace would not have any sharp cutting edge. This based on lack of any identifiable cut on the surface of the scalp, and based on the length of the laceration, I would think the object involved should have the contact surface which should be more than 2 inches in length

(P.8813)

Would the butt of this revolver, that is the handle, in your opinion, be able to cause the type of lacerations found on Mr. Frykowski? (You examine revolver) Based on the appearance of the lacerations (curved lacerations), and there is no sharp, penetrating type of object involved, this pistol would most likely create a similar laceration as found on the scalp of the decedent.

CSW = 2 Did you find any gunshot wounds? Yes - 2 gunshot wounds.

The original autopsy report indicated 1 gunshot wound? Yes.

However, the diagram does show a 2nd gunshot wound documented.

76R290A - Tox 4 - Ods 11-86

REPORT OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

LOS ANGELES COUNTY MEDICAL EXAMINER-CORONER

Toxicology Laboratory
Hall of Justice
Los Angeles, California

			File :	No. 69-8793	
Name of Deceased	Voityck F	rokowski	Lab No. 8-143-69		
Date Submitted	August 11	, 1969	Time	8 A.M.	
Autopsy Surgeon	Gaston He	rrera, M.D.			
Material Submitted:	$_{\rm Blood}$ X	Liver		Stomach X	
	Brain	Lung		Lavage	
	Femur	Spleen		Urine X	
	Kidney	Sternum		Gall bladder	
	Drugs	Chemicals			

Test Desired:

Poisons

Laboratory Findings:

1. Blood: Ethanol, Barbiturates, Noludar, Phenacetin, Doriden, Meprobamate, Quaalude and Soma absent

Urine: Amphetamine and Methamphetamine absent

Urine: 0.6 mg. percent Hethylene dioxy Amphetamine (MDA)

2. Urine: Absence of Codeine, Morphine and Amphetamine

Examined By 1. Jack Villaudy Head Toxicologist. Date August 21, 1969